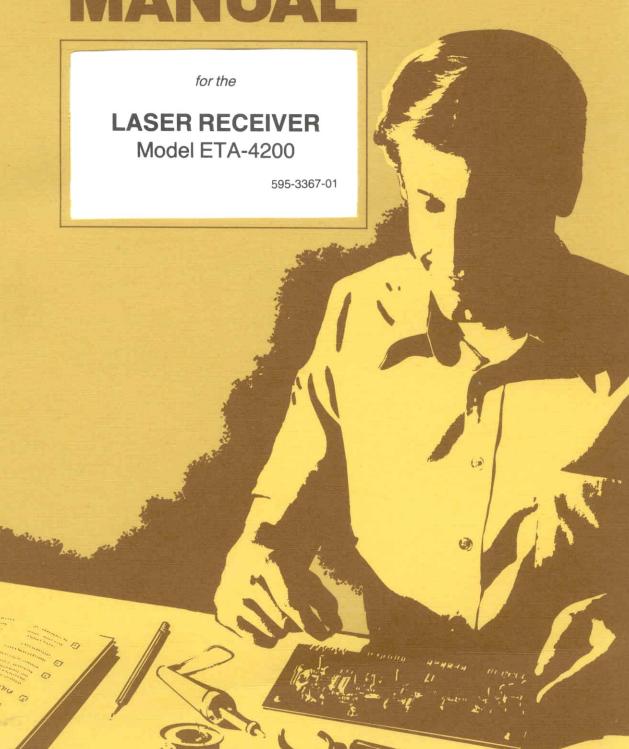
HEATHKIT MANUAL



HEATH COMPANY . BENTON HARBOR, MICHIGAN

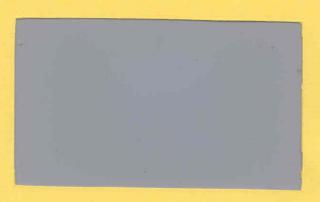
HEATH COMPANY PHONE DIRECTORY

The following telephone numbers are direct lines to the departments listed:

| Kit orders and delivery information | (616) 982-3411 |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Credit | |
| Replacement Parts | |

Technical Assistance Phone Numbers

| 8:00 A.M. to 12 P.M. and 1:00 P.M. to 4:30 P.M., EST, Weekdays Only | |
|---|-----|
| Audio (616) 982-33 | 310 |
| Amateur Radio | |
| Test Equipment, Weather Instruments and | |
| Home Clocks | 315 |
| Television | 307 |
| Aircraft, Marine, Security, Scanners, Automotive, | |
| Appliances and General Products (616) 982-34 | |
| Computers — Hardware | 309 |
| Computers — Software: | |
| Operating Systems, Languages, Utilities (616) 982-38 | 360 |
| Application Programs | 884 |



YOUR HEATHKIT 90-DAY LIMITED WARRANTY

Consumer Protection Plan for Heathkit Consumer Products

Welcome to the Heath family. We believe you will enjoy assembling your kit and will be pleased with its performance. Please read this Consumer Protection Plan carefully. It is a "LIMITED WARRANTY" as defined in the U.S. Consumer Product Warranty and Federal Trade Commission Improvement Act. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

Heath's Responsibility

PARTS — Replacements for factory defective parts will be supplied free for 90 days from date of purchase. Replacement parts are warranted for the remaining portion of the original warranty period. You can obtain warranty parts direct from Heath Company by writing or telephoning us at (616) 982-3571. And we will pay shipping charges to get those parts to you . . . anywhere in the world.

SERVICE LABOR — For a period of 90 days from the date of purchase, any malfunction caused by defective parts or error in design will be corrected at no charge to you. You must deliver the unit at your expense to the Heath factory, any Heath/Zenith Computers and Electronics center (units of Veritechnology Electronics Corporation), or any of our authorized overseas distributors.

TECHNICAL CONSULTATION — You will receive free consultation on any problem you might encounter in the assembly or use of your Heathkit product. Just drop us a line or give us a call. Sorry, we cannot accept collect calls.

NOT COVERED — The correction of assembly errors, adjustments, calibration, and damage due to misuse, abuse, or negligence are not covered by the warranty. Use of corrosive solder and/or the unauthorized modification of the product or of any furnished component will void this warranty in its entirety. This warranty does not include reimbursement for inconvenience, loss of use, customer assembly, set-up time, or unauthorized service.

This warranty covers only Heath products and is not extended to other equipment or components that a customer uses in conjunction with our products.

SUCH REPAIR AND REPLACMENT SHALL BE THE SOLE REMEDY OF THE CUSTOMER AND THERE SHALL BE NO LIABILITY ON THE PART OF HEATH FOR ANY SPECIAL, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY LOSS OF BUSINESS OR PROFITS, WHETHER OR NOT FORESEEABLE.

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

Owner's Responsibility

EFFECTIVE WARRANTY DATE — Warranty begins on the date of first consumer purchase. You must supply a copy of your proof of purchase when you request warranty service or parts.

ASSEMBLY — Before seeking warranty service, you should complete the assembly by carefully following the manual instructions. Heathkit service agencies cannot complete assembly and adjustments that are customer's responsibility.

ACCESSORY EQUIPMENT — Performance malfunctions involving other non-Heath accessory equipment. (antennas, audio components, computer peripherals and software, etc.) are not covered by this warranty and are the owner's responsibility.

SHIPPING UNITS — Follow the packing instructions published in the assembly manuals. Damage due to inadequate packing cannot be repaired under warranty.

If you are not satisfied with our service (warranty or otherwise) or our products, write directly to our Director of Customer Service. Heath Company, Benton Harbor MI 49022. He will make certain your problems receive immediate, personal attention.

Heathkit® Manual

for the

LASER RECEIVER Model ETA-4200

595-3367-01

Table of Contents

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INTRODUCTION

Your Model ETA-4200 Laser Receiver is a complementary unit to your ET-4200 Laser Trainer. Its purpose is to capture the laser beam from the Trainer and to decipher any intelligence present on it.

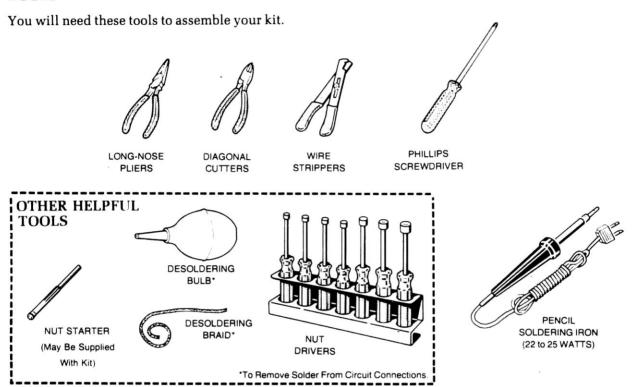
The built-in meter will provide an indication of the laser beam's intensity to help you determine the beam profile and power density.

The Receiver's audio amplifier will reproduce any audio information that was encoded on the beam by the modulation circuits in the Laser Trainer. The Receiver will also detect other types of beam modulation, such as that from an interferometer.

You will need two NEDA Type 1604A 9-volt alkaline batteries for this kit. We suggest that you purchase these batteries right away so that you have them on hand when you complete the assembly of your kit.

ASSEMBLY NOTES

TOOLS



ASSEMBLY

- 1. Follow the instructions carefully. Read the entire step before you perform each operation.
- 2. The illustrations in the Manual are called Pictorials and Details. Pictorials show the overall operation for a group of assembly steps; Details generally illustrate a single step. When you are directed to refer to a certain Pictorial "for the following steps," continue using that Pictorial until you are referred to another Pictorial for another group of steps.
- 3. Most kits use a separate "Illustration Booklet" that contains illustrations (Pictorials, Details, etc.) that are too large for the Assembly Manual. Keep the "Illustration Booklet" with the Assembly Manual. The illustrations in it are arranged in Pictorial number sequence.
- 4. Position all parts as shown in the Pictorials.
- Solder instructions are generally given only at the end of a series of similar steps. You may solder more often if you desire.

- 6. Each circuit part in an electronic kit has its own component number (R2, C4, etc.). Use these numbers when you want to identify the same part in the various sections of the Manual. These numbers, which are especially useful if a part has to be replaced, appear:
 - In the Parts List,
 - At the beginning of each step where a component is installed,
 - In some illustrations,
 - In Troubleshooting Charts,
 - In the Schematic,
 - In the sections at the rear of the Manual.
- 7. When you are instructed to cut something to a particular length, use the scales (rulers) provided at the bottom of the Manual pages.

SAFETY WARNING: Avoid eye injury when you cut off excessive lead lengths. Hold the leads so they cannot fly toward your eyes.

SOLDERING

Soldering is one of the most important operations you will perform while assembling your kit. A good solder connection will form an electrical connection between two parts, such as a component lead and a circuit board foil. A bad solder connection could prevent an otherwise well-assembled kit from operating properly.

It is easy to make a good solder connection if you follow a few simple rules:

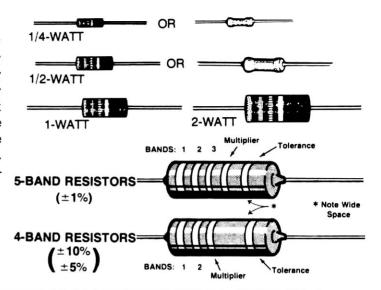
- Use the right type of soldering iron. A 22 to 25-watt pencil soldering iron with a 1/8" or 3/16" chisel or pyramid tip works best.
- 2. Keep the soldering iron tip clean. Wipe it often on a wet sponge or cloth; then apply solder to the tip to give the entire tip a wet look. This process is called tinning, and it will protect the tip and enable you to make good connections. When solder tends to "ball" or does not stick to the tip, the tip needs to be cleaned and retinned.

NOTE: Always use rosin core, radio-type solder (60:40 tin-lead content) for all of the soldering in this kit. This is the type we have supplied with the parts. The Warranty will be void and we will not service any kit in which acid core solder or paste has been used.

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PARTS

Resistors are identified in Parts Lists and steps by their resistance value in Ω (ohms), $k\Omega$ (kilohms), or $M\Omega$ (megohms). They are usually identified by a color code and four or five color bands, where each color represents a number. These colors (except for the last band, which indicates a resistor's "tolerance") will be given in the steps in their proper order. Therefore, the following color code is given for information only. NOTE: Occasionally, a "precision" or "power" resistor may have the value stamped on it.



| Band 1st Dig | 3.0 |
|------------------------|-------|
| Color | Digit |
| Black | 0 |
| Brown | 1 |
| Red | 2 |
| Orange | 3 |
| Yellow | 4 |
| Green | 5 |
| Blue | 6 |
| Violet | 7 |
| Gray | 8 |
| White | 9 |

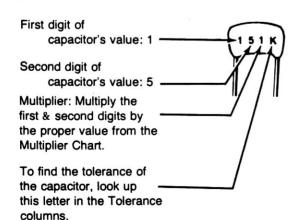
| Band 2 2nd Digit | | | |
|----------------------------|-------|--|--|
| Color | Digit | | |
| Black | 0 | | |
| Brown | 1 | | |
| Red | 2 | | |
| Orange | 3 | | |
| Yellow | 4 | | |
| Green | 5 | | |
| Blue | 6 | | |
| Violet | 7 | | |
| Gray | 8 | | |
| White | 9 | | |

| Band 3 (if used) 3rd Digit | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Color | Digit | | | |
| Black | 0 | | | |
| Brown | 1 | | | |
| Red | 2 | | | |
| Orange | 3 | | | |
| Yellow | 4 | | | |
| Green | 5 | | | |
| Blue | 6 | | | |
| Violet | 7 | | | |
| Gray | 8 | | | |
| White | 9 | | | |

| Multiplier | | | | |
|------------|------------|--|--|--|
| Color | Multiplier | | | |
| Black | 1 | | | |
| Brown | 10 | | | |
| Red | 100 | | | |
| Orange | 1.000 | | | |
| Yellow | 10.000 | | | |
| Green | 100,000 | | | |
| Blue | 1.000,000 | | | |
| Silver | 0.01 | | | |
| Gold | 0.1 | | | |
| | | | | |

| Resistance Tolerance | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Color | Tolerance | | | |
| Silver | ± 10% | | | |
| Gold | ± 5% | | | |
| Red | ± 2% | | | |
| Brown | ± 1% | | | |
| Green | ± .5% | | | |
| Blue | ± .25% | | | |
| Violet | ± .1% | | | |
| Gray | ± .05% | | | |
| 00000000 | | | | |

Capacitors will be called out by their capacitance value in μ F (microfarads) or pF (picofarads) and type: ceramic, Mylar*, electrolytic, etc. Some capacitors may have their value printed in the following manner:



EXAMPLES:

$$151K = 15 \times 10 = 150 \text{ pF}$$

 $759 = 75 \times 0.1 = 7.5 \text{ pF}$

NOTE: The letter "R" may be used at times to signify a decimal point: as in: 2R2 = 2.2 (pF or μ F).

| MULTIPLIER FOR THE MULTIPLY NUMBER: BY: | | TOLERANC | E OF CAPAC | TOR |
|--|----------------|------------------|------------|---------------|
| | | 10 pF OR LESS | LETTER | OVER 10 pF |
| 0 | 1 | ±0.1 pF | В | |
| 1 | 10 | ±0.25 pF | С | |
| 2 100 | | ±0.5 pF | D | |
| 3 | 1000 ±1.0 pF F | | ±1% | |
| 4 | 10,000 | ±2.0 pF | G | ±2% |
| 8 0.01 9 0.1 | | | н | ±3% |
| | | | J | ±5% |
| | | | К | ±10% |
| | | | М | ±20% |

^{*}DuPont Registered Trademark.

PARTS LIST

Check each part against the following list and the accompanying "Parts Pictorial." The key numbers correspond to the numbers on the "Parts Pictorial." Return any part that is packed in an individual envelope, with the part number on it, back into its envelope until that part is called for in a step. Do not throw away any packing material until you have accounted for all the parts.

To order a replacement part, always include the PART NUMBER. Use the Parts Order Form furnished with this kit. If a Parts Order Form is not available, refer to "Replacement Parts" inside the rear cover of this Manual. For prices, refer to the separate "Heath Parts Price List."

| | HEATH Part No. | QTY. [| DESCRIPTION | CIRCUIT Comp. No. | No. | HEATH Part No. | QTY. | DESCRIPTIO |
|----------------|------------------------------------|-------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------------|--|
| RES | SISTORS | | | | HA | RDWARI | Ε | |
| | | | ng resistors are 1/4-wand) unless otherwise 10 Ω (brn-blk-blk) 4700 Ω (yel-viol-red) | | D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 | 250-321 250-1423 250-1280 250-1432 252-3 253-1 254-1 | 4 2 10 4 6 4 8 | 4-40 × 1/8" scr 6-32 × 3/8" flat 6-32 × 3/8" scr #6 × 3/8" shee 6-32 nut #6 fiber washer #6 lockwasher |
| A1 A1 A1 | 6-273-12 6-473-12 6-474-12 | 1 1 1 | 27 k Ω (red-viol-org) 47 k Ω (yel-viol-org) 470 k Ω (yel-viol-yel) | R7 R3 R2 | CA | BLE-WIR | E | |
| CA) B1 B2 B3 | 21-176 25-880 25-887 | 1 2 3 | .01 μF ceramic 10 μF electrolytic 220 μF electrolytic | C5 C3, C4 C1, C2, C6 | O.T. | 134-1322 344-52 344-54 344-55 344-56 344-59 | 1 6" 6" 12" 6" 9" | Cable assemble Red wire Yellow wire Green wire Blue wire White wire |
| ME | TAL PAR | тс | | | GE | NERAL | | |
| | | X15 | | | E1 E2 | 9-108 10-1138 | 1 2 | Sensor 10 kΩ control |
| C1 C2 C3 | 90-1343-1 90-1344-1 204-2375 | 1 1 1 | Cabinet top Chassis Meter bracket | | E2 E3 E4 | 10-1213 60-2 401-210 | 1 1 1 | 1 MΩ control Slide switch Speaker |
| C4 | 208-48 | 2 | Battery holder | | E5 | 407-705 | 1 | Meter |

| | No. | HEATH Part No. | QTY. | DESCRIPTION | CIRCUIT Comp. No. |
|---|----------------|--|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| ١ | HA | RDWARE | : | | |
| | D5 | 250-1280 250-1432 252-3 253-1 | 6 | 4-40 × 1/8" screw 6-32 × 3/8" flat head screw 6-32 × 3/8" screw #6 × 3/8" sheet metal screw 6-32 nut #6 fiber washer #6 lockwasher | |
| | CA | BLE-WIR | E | , | |
| | | 134-1322 344-52 344-54 344-55 344-56 344-59 | 1 6" 6" 12" 6" 9" | Cable assembly Red wire Yellow wire Green wire Blue wire White wire | |
| | GEI | NERAL | | | |
| | E2 E3 E4 | 9-108 10-1138 10-1213 60-2 401-210 407-705 | 1 2 1 1 1 | Sensor $10 \text{ k}\Omega$ control $1 \text{ M}\Omega$ control Slide switch Speaker Meter | R6, R8 R1 SW1 SP1 M1 |

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KEY HEATH No. Part No.

QTY. DESCRIPTION

CIRCUIT Comp. No. QTY. DESCRIPTION

CIRCUIT Comp. No.

General (cont'd)

NOTE: Integrated circuits may be marked for identification in any of the following four ways:

- 1. Part number.
- 2. Type number (this refers only to the numbers printed in **bold** type; the letters may be different or missing).
- 3. Part number and type number.
- 4. Part number with a type number other than the one listed.

| E6 | 442-21 | 1 | MC1458 IC | U1 |
|----|---------|---|-----------|----|
| E6 | 442-612 | 1 | LM386N IC | U2 |

MISCELLANEOUS

KEY HEATH

No. Part No.

| | 73-92 85-3013-1 | 1 | Double-sided foam tape Printed circuit board |
|----|--------------------|---|---|
| F1 | 255-71 | 2 | Threaded spacer |
| F2 | 261-49 | 4 | Foot |
| F3 | 432-798 | 2 | Battery clips |
| F4 | 434-230 | 2 | 8-pin IC socket |
| F5 | | 1 | Blue and white label |
| | 597-260 | 1 | Parts Order Form |
| | | 1 | Assembly Manual (See title page |
| | | | for part number.) |
| | | | Solder |

NOTE: You will need two NEDA Type 1604A 9-volt alkaline batteries for this kit. We suggest that you purchase these batteries right away so you have them on hand when you complete the assembly of your kit.

STEP-BY-STEP ASSEMBLY

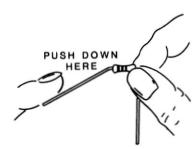
CIRCUIT BOARD ASSEMBLY

Refer to Pictorial 1-1 (Illustration Booklet, Page 2) as you read the following notes and perform the following steps.

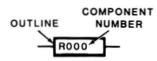
NOTE: In the following steps, you will be given detailed instructions on how to install and solder the first part on the circuit board. Read and perform each step carefully. Then use the same procedure as you install the remaining parts on the board.

Note that the circuit board has foil patterns on one side and outlines of components (parts) on the other side. The side with the foils will be called the "foil side," and the other side will be called the "component" side.

- () Position the circuit board on your work area in front of you with the component side up as shown in Pictorial 1-1. NOTE: Always install parts on the component side of the circuit board and solder the leads or wires to the circuit board foils, unless you are specifically directed to do otherwise.
- Locate the first part, a 470 kΩ (yel-viol-yel) resistor. Bend the resistor leads as shown to fit the hole spacing at R2 on the circuit board.



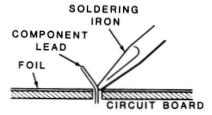
() R2: Start the leads into the holes at the resistor location near the top left corner of the circuit board. The end with the color bands may be positioned either way. NOTE: Resistors are identified by the following outline:



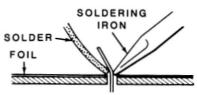
 Press the resistor down against the top of the circuit board. Then bend the leads outward slightly to hold it in place.



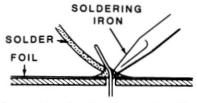
Solder the resistor leads to the circuit board as follows:



 Push the soldering iron tip against both the lead and the circuit board foil. Heat both for two or three seconds.



Then apply solder to the other side of the connection. IMPORTANT: Let the heated lead and the circuit board foil melt the solder.



- As the solder begins to melt, allow it to flow around the connection. Then remove the solder and the iron and let the connection cool.
- Cut off the excess lead lengths close to the connection. WARNING: Clip the leads so the ends will not fly toward your eyes.

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Check each connection. Compare it to the illustrations in Figure 1 (Illustration Booklet, Page 2). After you have checked the solder connections, proceed with the assembly on this and on the following pages. Use the same soldering technique for each connection.

() R5: 4700 Ω (yel-viol-red).

R3: 47 k Ω (vel-viol-org).

() R4: 4700 Ω (yel-viol-red).

() R7: 27 k Ω (red-viol-org).

() R9: 10 Ω (brn-blk-blk).

() Cut two 1" pieces of white wire. Remove all the insulation from each wire. Use these bare wires for jumpers in the next two steps.

NOTE: In the next two steps, when a bare wire jumper is called for, form each bare wire to fit the hole spacing on the circuit board. After you install a wire, bend its ends outward as you did with other components.

() W1: 1" bare wire jumper.

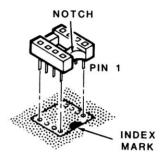
() W2: 1" bare wire jumper.

() Solder the leads and wires to the foil and cut off the excess lengths.

Refer to Pictorial 1-2 (Illustration Booklet, Page 2) for the following steps.

As you install IC sockets, be very careful that you do not bridge solder between socket pins. (Solder between two pins on the same foil is all right.) If a solder bridge should occur, hold the circuit board bottom side down. Then hold your soldering iron tip between the two points where solder is bridged. The solder will flow down the iron. You can also use desoldering braid (not supplied).

To install IC sockets, as in the following steps, be sure the socket pins are straight and insert the socket pins into their designated holes. The notch on the socket should be positioned to correspond with the index mark on the circuit board as shown. The index mark must still be visible after you have installed the socket. Solder the pins to the foil as you install each socket. The sockets supplied in your kit may have fewer or a greater number of pins than shown here.



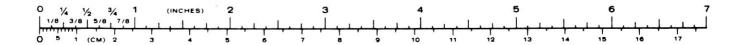
 8-pin IC socket at U1. Solder its pins to the foil.

() 8-pin IC socket at U2. Solder its pins to the foil.

CAUTION: Integrated circuits (ICs) are complex electronic devices that perform many complicated functions in the circuit. However, these devices can be damaged during installation. Read all of the following information before you install any ICs.

The pins on the ICs are bent out at an angle so they do not line up with the holes in the IC socket. DO NOT try to install an IC without first bending the pins. To do so may damage the IC pins or the socket, causing intermittent contact.

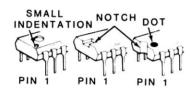


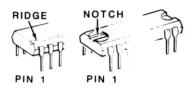


Before you install an IC, lay it down on its side as shown and very carefully roll it toward the pins to bend the lower pins into line. Then turn the IC over and bend the pins to the other side in the same manner.

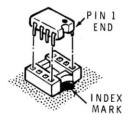


Compare the IC to the drawing shown below. Then determine which end of the IC is the pin 1 end.

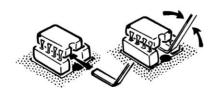




Make sure that the pin 1 end of the IC is positioned over the index mark on the circuit board. Also make sure that all of the pins are started into the socket. Then press the IC firmly into the socket. NOTE: An IC pin can become bent under the IC and it will appear as though it is correctly installed in the socket.

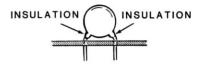


Use an IC lifter or the blade of a small screwdriver to lift and remove ICs from their sockets, if necessary, without bending the IC pins.



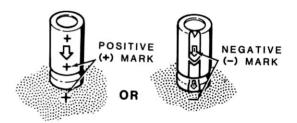
- () U1: MC1458 IC at U1.
- () U2: LM386N-4 IC at U2.

NOTE: In the following step, when you install the ceramic capacitor, do not push the insulated portion of the leads into the holes. This could make it difficult to solder the leads to the foil.



() C5: .01 μ F ceramic capacitor.

NOTE: In the following steps, when you install electrolytic capacitors, always match the negative (-) mark on the capacitor with the negative (-) mark on the circuit board, or match the positive (+) mark on the capacitor with the postive (+) mark on the board.



- () C1: 220 μF electrolytic.
- () C2: 220 μF electrolytic.
- () C3: 10 μF electrolytic.
- C4: 10 μF electrolytic.
- () C6: 220 μF electrolytic.
- Solder the leads to the foil and cut off the excess lead lengths.

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Refer to Pictorial 1-3 (Illustration Booklet, Page 2) for the following steps.

NOTE: In the following steps, when you install controls on the circuit board, position them as shown below. Push each control all the way down onto the surface of the circuit board; then solder its leads to the foil and cut off the excess lead lengths.



- () R1: 1 M Ω control (#10-1213). Bend the leads of this control so it will be flat on the board as shown above.
- () R6: $10 \text{ k}\Omega$ control (#10-1138).
- () R8: 10 k Ω control (#10-1138).

NOTE: To prepare wires, as in the following steps, cut the wires to the lengths indicated. Then remove 1/4" of insulation from each wire end.

() Prepare the following wires:

Two 5" green

5" white

5" red

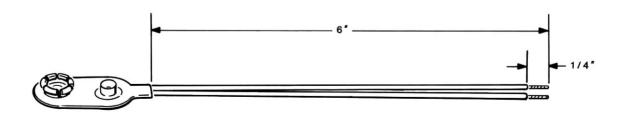
5" blue

5" yellow

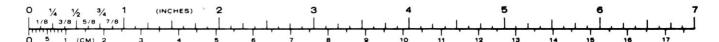
- () Tightly twist together the two green wires, making sure both ends are even.
- () In the same manner, twist together the 5" red and yellow wires.
- () In the same manner, twist together the 5" white and blue wires.

NOTE: In the following steps, when you install a wire in a circuit board hole, solder it to the foil and cut off the excess wire end. Connect only one end of each twisted pair at this time; the free ends will be connected later.

- () Red-yellow wires: Yellow wire to hole E; red wire to hole G.
- () White-blue wires: White wire to hole F; blue wire to hole H.
- () Green wires: One green to hole I; other green to hole I.
- () Refer to Detail 1-3A and cut the wires of the two battery clips to 6". To prepare the wires, remove 1/4" of insulation from each wire end. Then tightly twist each bare wire end and add a small amount of solder to hold the fine strands together.

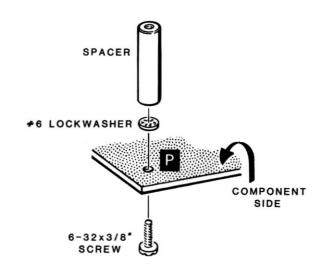


DETAIL 1-3A



Connect the wires coming from the battery clips to the circuit board holes as follows:

- () Black wire from one battery clip to hole C.
- () Red wire from the **other** battery clip to hole D.
- Solder the wires to the foil and cut off the excess wire ends.
- () Refer to Detail 1-3B and mount a threaded spacer on the component side of the circuit board at P with a 6-32 × 3/8" screw and a #6 lockwasher. Be sure to place the lockwasher between the spacer and the circuit board as shown.
- () In the same manner, mount the remaining threaded spacer on the circuit board at R.



DETAIL 1-3B

CIRCUIT BOARD CHECKOUT

Carefully inspect the circuit board for the following conditions.

- Unsoldered connections.
- Poor solder connections.
- () Solder bridges between foil patterns.
- () Protruding leads which could touch together.
- Electrolytic capacitors for the correct position of the positive (+) and negative (-) marks.
- () ICs for the proper type and installation.

NOTE: At this time, there are two unused holes in the circuit board.

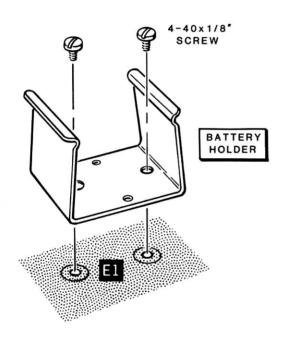
Set the circuit board aside temporarily.

Heathkit®

CHASSIS ASSEMBLY

Refer to Pictorial 2-1 (Illustration Booklet, Page 2) for the following steps.

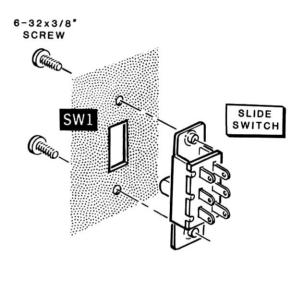
- () Refer to Detail 2-1A and mount a battery holder in the bottom of the chassis at E1. Use two 4-40 x 1/8" screws.
- () In the same manner, mount the other battery holder at E2.



DETAIL 2-1A

NOTE: When a step calls for hardware, only the screw size is given. For instance, if " $6-32 \times 3/8$ " hardware" is called for, it means you should use a $6-32 \times 3/8$ " screw, one or more #6 lockwashers, and a 6-32 nut at the indicated mounting hole.

- () SP1: Mount the speaker onto the back panel of the chassis as shown. Secure the speaker with four sets of 6-32 × 3/8" hardware at A, B, C, and D. Be sure to position the speaker lugs up as shown in the Pictorial.
- () Refer to Detail 2-1B and install the slide switch at SW1 on the chassis front panel using two 6-32 x 3/8" screws.



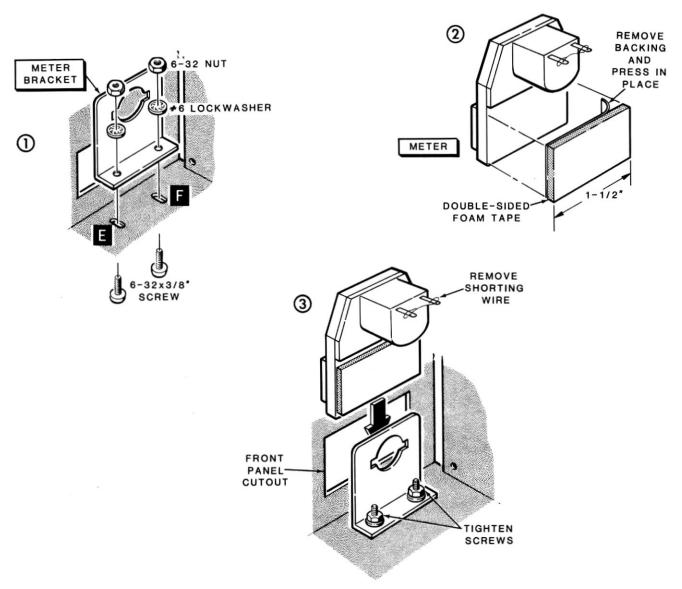
DETAIL 2-1B

Refer to Detail 2-1C for the next four steps.

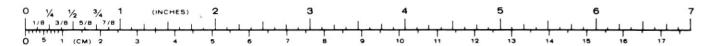
- Very loosely install the meter bracket in the bottom of the chassis at E and F using two sets of 6-32 × 3/8" hardware.
- Cut a 1-1/2" piece of double-sided foam tape. Remove the paper backing from one side of the tape and press the tape in place on the back of the meter as shown.

NOTE: In the following step, do not remove the remaining paper backing from the foam tape.

- () 3. Position the meter into the front panel cutout. Push the top of the meter bracket firmly against the foam tape on the back of the meter and tighten the bracket screws.
- () 4. If there is a shorting wire between the meter lugs, remove and discard the wire.



DETAIL 2-1C

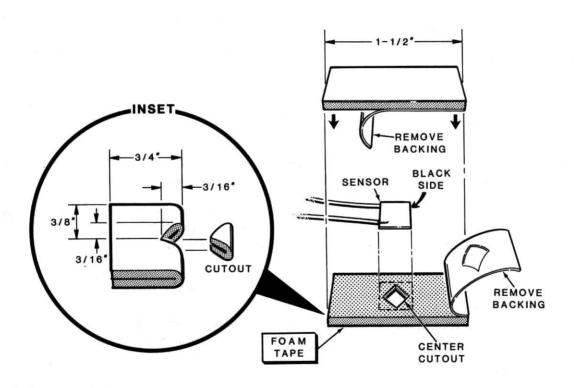


Refer to Detail 2-1D for the next four steps.

- () 1. Cut two 1-1/2" pieces of double-sided foam tape.
- () 2. Fold one piece of foam tape in the center. Then, with scissors (or some other sharp tool), cut a diamond shape out of the center. See the inset drawing on the Detail.

NOTE: In the following steps, be sure to handle the sensor very carefully; it is fragile and can be easily damaged.

- Remove the backing from one side of the foam tape with the center cutout. Then carefully unwrap the sensor and position it, black side down, onto the cutout as shown. NOTE: Do not apply under pressure on the sensor; it is delicate and can easily be damaged.
- Remove the backing from one side of the other piece of foam tape and press it in place on the top of the sensor, so as to sandwich the sensor between the two tapes.
- () Remove the paper backing from the side of the tape with the cutout and press the tape and sensor onto the inside of the left side panel as shown in the Pictorial. Be sure the cutout in the tape is centered over the hole in the panel. NOTE: The sensor wires will be connected in another step.



DETAIL 2-1D



Refer to Pictorial 2-2 (Illustration Booklet, Page 3) for the following steps.

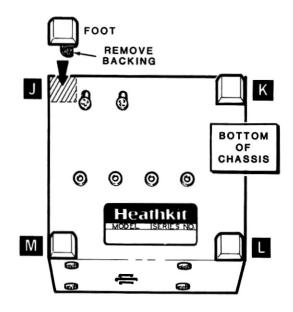
 Position the assembled circuit board along the right side of the chassis as shown.

NOTE: In the following steps, when you connect a wire to a circuit board hole or to a component lug, solder the connection and cut off any excess wire end.

- Connect the red wire in the twisted pair coming from the circuit board to switch SW1 lug 2, and the yellow wire to SW1 lug 5. Solder both wires.
- Connect the remaining battery clip wires as follows: Connect the red wire coming from one clip to SW1 lug 1, and the black wire from the other clip to SW1 lug 6. Solder both wires.
- Connect one of the green wires in the twisted pair to speaker SP1 lug l and the other green wire to SP1 lug 2. Solder both wires.
- () Connect the blue wire in the twisted pair to meter M1 lug 1. Note that lug 1 is the negative (-) lug. Connect the white wire to M1 positive (+) lug 2. Solder both wires.

Refer to Pictorial 2-3 (Illustration Booklet, Page 4) for the following steps.

- Make sure the slide switch is in the OFF position.
- Locate the battery clip whose red wire comes from circuit board hole D. Push this clip onto a 9-volt transistor battery. Then push the battery down into the battery holder at E2.
- Push the other battery clip onto a 9-volt transistor battery. Push this battery into the battery holder at E1.
- Turn the circuit board up on edge, just inside the right side of the chassis, with its component side facing out. Secure the circuit board spacers to the chassis at G and H with two 6-32 × 3/8" flat head screws.



PICTORIAL 2-4

() Tightly twist the two sensor wires together. Then install the red wire in circuit board hole A and the black wire in hole B. Solder each wire to the foil and cut off the excess wire ends.

Refer to Pictorial 2-4 for the following steps.

- Position the chassis assembly bottom side up on your work area as shown.
- () Remove the paper backing from one of the feet and press the foot in place at one corner of the chassis at J as shown.
- In the same manner, install feet on the bottom of the chassis at K, L, and M.
- () Remove the paper backing from the blue and white label and press the label in place on the bottom of the chassis as shown. NOTE: Be sure to refer to the Model and Series numbers on the blue and white label in any correspondence you have with the Heath Company about your kit.

Except for the installation of the cabinet top, this completes the "Step-by-Step Assembly" of your Laser Receiver. Proceed to "Initial Tests."

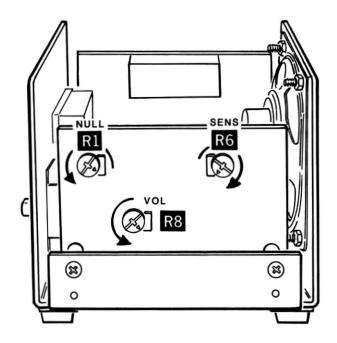
INITIAL TESTS

Refer to Pictorial 3-1 for the following steps.

- Position the Laser Receiver on your work area as shown.
- Using a small screwdriver, turn the VOL (Volume) and NULL controls fully counterclockwise.
- () Similarly, turn the SENS (Sensitivity) control fully clockwise.

NOTE: In the following steps, if you do not get the desired results, turn OFF the POWER switch. Then refer to the "In Case of Difficulty" section of the Manual. After you have found and corrected your problem, refer again to this section and continue with the tests and adjustments.

- () Push the POWER switch to ON. The meter pointer should deflect upscale.
- Alternately cover and uncover the SENSOR as you observe the meter; the pointer should change (rise and fall) significantly.
- With the SENSOR uncovered, adjust the NULL control for a zero meter indication. This compensates for ambient lighting.



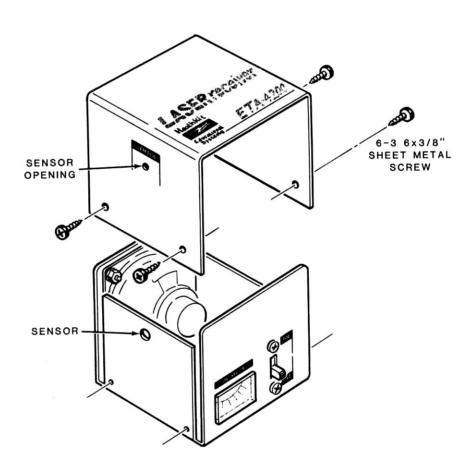
PICTORIAL 3-1

- () Turn the VOL control fully clockwise.
- () Place the Laser Receiver near a flickering light source, such as a fluorescent light or a TV receiver. The Laser Receiver should produce a buzzing sound.
- () Push the POWER switch to OFF.

FINAL ASSEMBLY

Refer to Pictorial 3-2 for the following steps.

- () Place the Laser Receiver on your work area as shown.
- () Place the cabinet top down over the chassis assembly with the SENSOR opening in the side panel over the sensor in the chassis. Secure the cabinet top to the chassis assembly with four #6 \times 3/8" sheet metal screws.



PICTORIAL 3-2

ADJUSTMENTS

Refer to Pictorial 4-1 (Illustration Booklet, Page 4) for the following steps.

WARNING: In the following steps, when you make any adjustments or reposition either component take extra precautions to avoid looking into the laser beam.

- Refer to Detail 4-1A and, using a small screwdriver, turn the NULL and SENS controls to the centers of their rotation. Turn the VOL control fully counterclockwise.
- () Position the Trainer approximately 12" from the Receiver. Open the aperture on the Trainer, and position the laser ray so it is centered on the SENSOR opening on the Receiver.
- () Turn the Receiver POWER switch ON.

- Close the Trainer aperture; then adjust the Receiver NULL control for a meter indication of zero.
- () Open the Trainer aperture and adjust the Receiver SENS control for a meter reading of 10.
- () Turn off the power on both the Receiver and the Trainer.

This completes the "Adjustments" of your ETA-4200 Laser Receiver. Further adjustments and the operation of your Laser Trainer and Receiver are covered in the Heathkit Continuing Education Laser Course. Refer to that text for complete details.

IN CASE OF DIFFICULTY

The first part of this section of the Manual, titled "Visual Checks," tells you what to do about any difficulties that occur right after your unit is assembled.

If the "Visual Checks" fail to clear up the problems, or if difficulties occur after your unit has been in use for some time, refer to the "Troubleshooting Chart."

NOTE: Refer to the "Circuit Board X-Ray View" for the physical location of parts.

VISUAL CHECKS

- Recheck the wiring. Trace each lead with a colored pencil on the Pictorial as you check it. It is frequently helpful to have a friend check your work. Someone who is not familiar with the unit may notice something you have consistently overlooked.
- About 90% of the kits that are returned to the Heath Company for service do not function properly due to poor connections and soldering. Therefore, you can eliminate many troubles by reheating all connections to make sure they are soldered as described in the "Soldering" instructions on Pages 4, 8, and 10.
- Closely examine the circuit board foil in a good light to see that no solder bridges exist between adjacent connections. Remove any solder bridges by holding a clean, hot soldering iron tip between the two points that are

bridged until the excess solder flows down onto the tip. Compare your foil patterns with those in the "Circuit Board X-Ray View."

- 4. Check each capacitor value. Make sure that a capacitor of the correct value is installed at each capacitor location. Check electrolytic capacitors to be sure their positive (+) and negative (-) leads are at the correct positions.
- 5. Check each resistor value carefully. Be sure in each step that the proper part has been wired into the circuit as shown in the Pictorial diagrams. It would be easy, for example, to install a 4700 Ω (yel-viol-red) resistor where a 470 k Ω (yel-viol-yel) resistor should have been installed.
- 6. Be sure all the wires and leads connected to the circuit boards have been trimmed as close as possible to the circuit board foils.
- Check for bits of solder, wire ends, or other foreign matter which may be lodged in the wiring.

If you still have not located the trouble after the "Visual Checks" are completed, and if a voltmeter is available, check the voltage readings at the locations indicated on the Schematic diagram. NOTE: All voltage readings were taken with a high-input impedance voltmeter. Voltages may vary slightly, up to $\pm 10\%$.

NOTE: In an extreme case where you are unable to resolve a difficulty, refer to the "Customer Service" information inside the rear cover of this Manual. Your Warranty is located inside the front cover.

Troubleshooting Chart

| Problem | Possible Cause | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Meter deflects in wrong direction | NULL control incorrectly adjusted. Meter or sensor incorrectly wired. | | |
| Unable to obtain correct NULL adjustment. | Ambient lighting too bright. Weak batteries. | | |
| No audio at any time. | VOL control incorrectly set. Integrated circuit U2. | | |
| Audio output distorted. | Modulating signal overdriving input of Laser Trainer unit. Laser Trainer OSC control not properly adjusted. Batteries weak. | | |

SPECIFICATIONS

| Meter Reading | Directly proportional to intensity of coherent light emitted by Laser Trainer unit. |
|----------------------|---|
| Audible Output | Reproduces modulation of light incident on its sensor. |
| Power Requirement | Two series-connected Type 1604 9-volt DC batteries. |
| Dimensions (overall) | 3.5'' H = 4.25'' W = 4'' D. (8.9 = 10.8 = 10.2 cm). |
| Net Weight | 1.2 lbs. (0.54 kg). |

The Heath Company reserves the right to discontinue products and to change specifications at any time without incurring any obligation to incorporate new features in products previously sold.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Refer to the Schematic Diagram as you read the following circuit description.

INPUT CIRCUITRY

Sensor A1 is a photovoltaic cell which is sensitive to light on its surface. It produces an output current proportional to the instantaneous peak power of the incident light. Its output current is routed to the input of a non-inverting current-to-voltage converter circuit consisting of integrated circuit U1A and resistors R3 and R4.

Null control R1 and resistor R2 provide balancing currents which cancel the effect of any ambient light. You will adjust the Null control so that, when normal ambient light falls on sensor A1 and no laser beam is present, the output of IC U1A is zero volts.

METER CIRCUITRY

IC U1B, resistor R5, and Sensitivity contol R6 form an inverting voltage amplifier. The Sensitivity control adjusts the gain of the amplifier, controlling the amount of meter deflection per unit of beam intensity. Resistor R7 limits the current from the amplifier through meter M1.

AUDIO CIRCUITRY

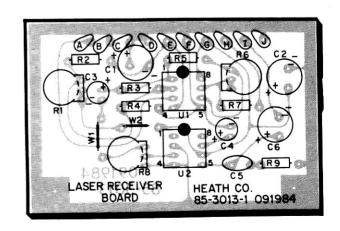
Any fluctuations in the laser beam's intensity, such as amplitude modulating signals, are coupled from the input circuits to the Volume control through capacitor C3. The center tap of R6 is connected to the input of audio amplifier IC U2.

Capacitor C4 is a bypass capacitor to decouple the input of IC U2. Capacitor C5 and resistor R9 form a compensation network which regulates the amplifier's frequency response.

CIRCUIT BOARD X-RAY VIEW

NOTE: To find the PART NUMBER of a component for the purpose of ordering a replacement part:

- A. Find the circuit component number (R5, C3, etc.) on the X-Ray View.
- B. Locate this same number in the "Circuit Component Number" column of the "Parts List" in the front of this Manual.
- C. Adjacent to the circuit component number, you will find the PART NUMBER and DESCRIPTION which must be supplied when you order a replacement part.



SEMICONDUCTOR IDENTIFICATION CHART

| CIRCUIT COMPONENT NUMBER | HEATH PART NUMBER | MAY BE REPLACED WITH | IDENTIFICATION (TOP VIEW) | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| U1 | 442-21 | MC1458 | +Vcc OUTPUT -INPUT +INPUT B 7 6 5 B + OUTPUT -INPUT +INPUT -Vcc | | |
| U2 | 442-612 | LM386N | GAIN BYPASS VS VOUT 8 7 6 5 CAIN -INPUT +INPUT GND | | |

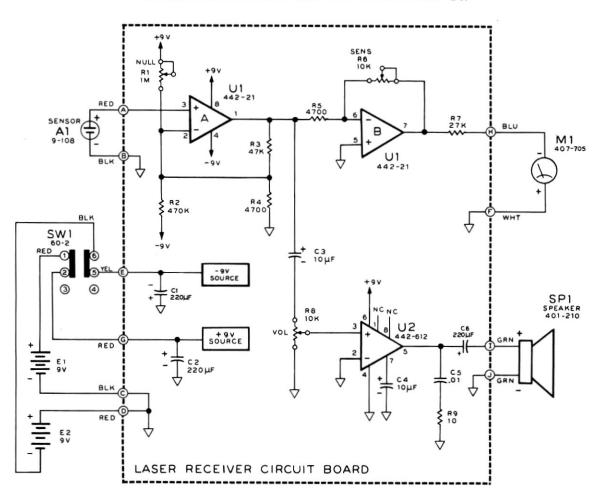
SCHEMATIC OF THE

LASER RECEIVER

Model ETA-4200

NOTES:

- ALL RESISTORS ARE 1/4-WATT, 5% TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. (K=1000, M=1,000,000.)
- CAPACITORS LESS THAN 1 ARE IN μF (MICROFARADS); 1 OR GREATER ARE IN pF, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 3. THE FOLLOWING SYMBOLS ARE USED ON THIS SCHEMATIC:
 - THIS SYMBOL DENOTES A CIRCUIT BOARD GROUND.
 - THIS SYMBOL DENOTES A CIRCUIT BOARD WIRE CONNECTION.
 - THIS SYMBOL DENOTES A DC VOLTAGE TAKEN WITH A HIGH-INPUT IMPEDANCE VOLTMETER FROM THE POINT INDICATED TO CIRCUIT BOARD GROUND.
- TO FIND THE PHYSICAL LOCATION OF PARTS, REFER TO THE "CIRCUIT BOARD X-RAY VIEW" ON MANUAL PAGE 24.



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CUSTOMER SERVICE

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Please provide complete information when you request replacements from either the factory or Heath/Zenith Computers and Electronics centers. Be certain to include the **HEATH** part number exactly as it appears in the parts list.

ORDERING FROM THE FACTORY

Print all of the information requested on the parts order form furnished with this product and mail it to Heath. For telephone orders (parts only) dial 616 982-3571. If you are unable to locate an order form, write us a letter or card including:

- · Heath part number.
- · Model number.
- · Date of purchase.
- · Location purchased or invoice number.
- · Nature of the defect.
- Your payment or authorization for COD shipment of parts not covered by warranty.

Mail letters to: Heath Company

Benton Harbor MI 49022

Attn: Parts Replacement

Retain original parts until you receive replacements. Parts that should be returned to the factory will be listed on your packing slip.

OBTAINING REPLACEMENTS FROM HEATH/ZENITH COMPUTER AND ELECTRONICS CENTERS

For your convenience, "over the counter" replacement parts are available from the Heath/Zenith Computer and Electronics centers listed in your catalog. Be sure to bring in the original part and purchase invoice when you request a warranty replacement from a Heath/Zenith Computer and Electronics center.

TECHNICAL CONSULTATION

Need help with your kit? — Self-Service? — Construction? — Operation? — Call or write for assistance. You'll find our Technical Consultants eager to help with just about any technical problem except "customizing" for unique applications.

The effectiveness of our consultation service depends on the information you furnish. Be sure to tell us:

- The Model number and Series number from the blue and white label.
- The date of purchase.
- An exact description of the difficulty.
- Everything you have done in attempting to correct the problem.

Also include switch positions, connections to other units, operating procedures, voltage readings, and any other information you think might be helpful.

Please do not send parts for testing, unless this is specifically requested by our Consultants.

Hints: Telephone traffic is lightest at midweek — please be sure your Manual and notes are on hand when you call.

Heath/Zenith Computer and Electronics center facilities are also available for telephone or "walk-in" personal assistance.

REPAIR SERVICE

Service facilities are available, if they are needed, to repair your completed kit. (Kits that have been modified, soldered with paste flux or acid core solder, cannot be accepted for repair.)

If it is convenient, personally deliver your kit to a Heath/ Zenith Computers and Electronics center. For warranty parts replacement, supply a copy of the invoice or sales slip.

If you prefer to ship your kit to the factory, attach a letter containing the following information directly to the unit:

- Your name and address.
- · Date of purchase and invoice number.
- Copies of all correspondence relevant to the service of the kit.
- · A brief description of the difficulty.
- Authorization to return your kit COD for the service and shipping charges. (This will reduce the possibility of delay.)

Check the equipment to see that all screws and parts are secured. (Do not include any wooden cabinets or color television picture tubes, as these are easily damaged in shipment. Do not include the kit Manual.) Place the equipment in a strong carton with at least THREE INCHES of *resilient* packing material (shredded paper, excelsior, etc.) on all sides. Use additional packing material where there are protrusions (control sticks, large knobs, etc.). If the unit weighs over 15 lbs., place this carton in another one with 3/4" of packing material between the two.

Seal the carton with reinforced gummed tape, tie it with a strong cord, and mark it "Fragile" on at least two sides. Remember, the carrier will not accept liability for shipping damage if the unit is insufficiently packed. Ship by prepaid express, United Parcel Service, or insured Parcel Post to:

Heath Company Service Department Benton Harbor, Michigan 49022



HEATH COMPANY . BENTON HARBOR, MICHIGAN
THE WORLD'S FINEST ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT IN KIT FORM